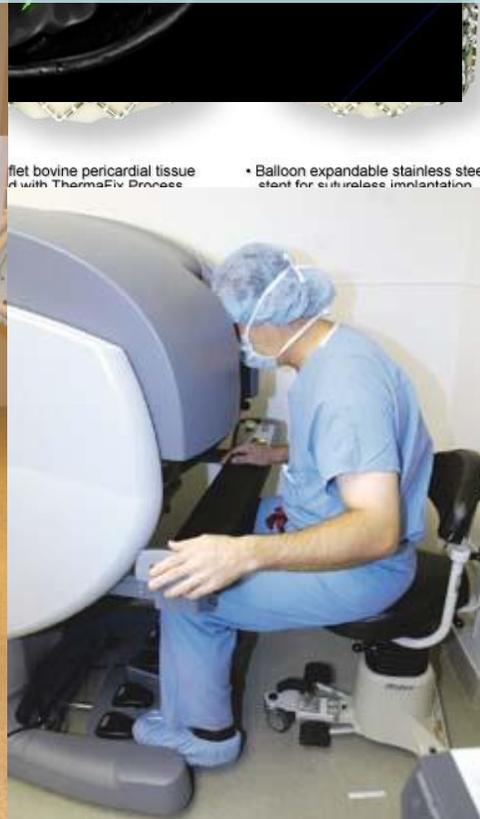


UAVs in medicine – value equation and pilot project

Prof Erik Fosse
The Intervention Centre
Oslo University Hospital



Technology transforms medicine

Imaging

- Fluoroscopic guidance
- Ultrasound
- Videoscopic surgery

Computerisation

- Automated procedures
- Robots

Communication

- Digital information
- Telemedicine
- Patient information

Miniturization

- Imaging fMRI, Pet, Optical
- Microtechnology
- Nanotechnology

Biomolecular science

- Cell engineering
- Gene sequencing

The Intervention Centre

Established 1996

- DEVELOP NEW PROCEDURES AND METHODS
- DEVELOP NEW TREATMENT STRATEGIES
- COMPARE NEW AND ESTABLISHED TREATMENT STRATEGIES
- STUDY SOCIAL, ECONOMIC AND ORGANIZATIONAL CONSEQUENCES OF NEW METHODS

The Intervention Centre - Integrated suites



Collaboration with Siemens - Building tomorrow's treatment suites



IT-development in health

Digitalization →
Automatization

Electronic patient record

PACS

Laboratory data

Surveillance data

Communication →

One national
patient record

Secure national health net Analysis

Data recognition

Artificial intelligence:

Any device that perceives its environment and takes actions that maximize its chance of success at some goal

- Robots
- Image interpretation
- Text analysis
- Unmanned procedures

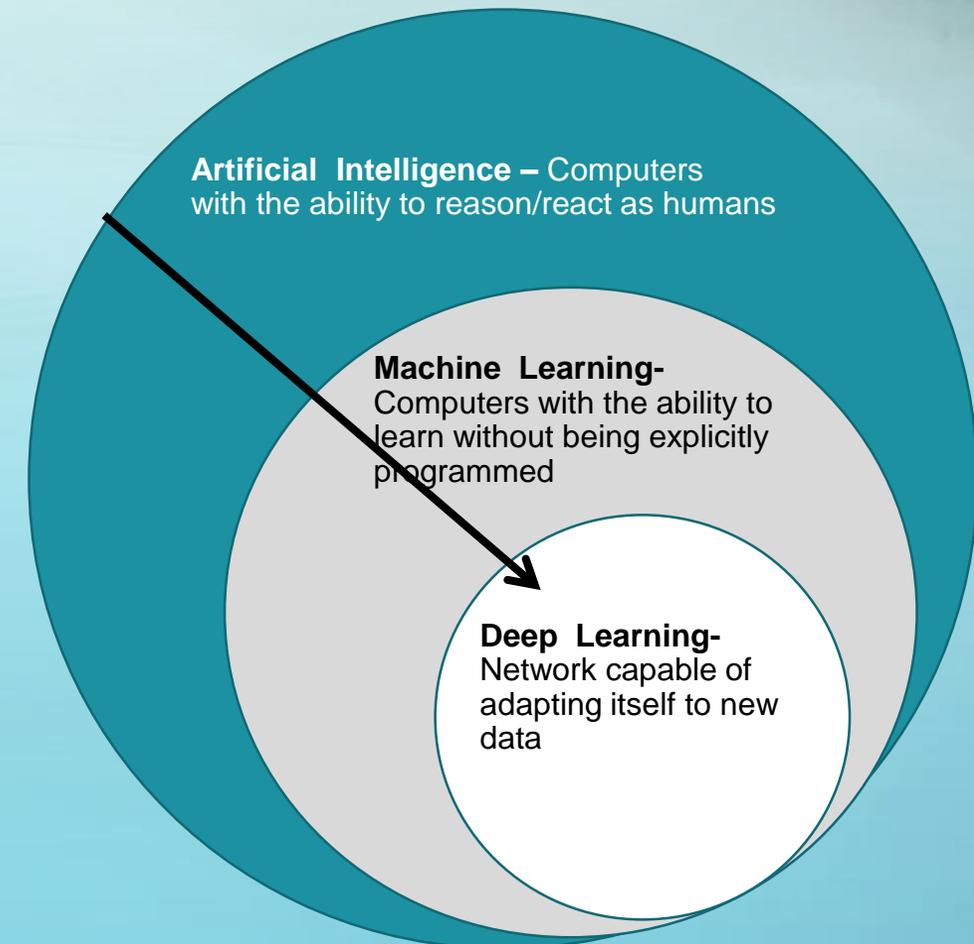


Fig.:

Surgical robots

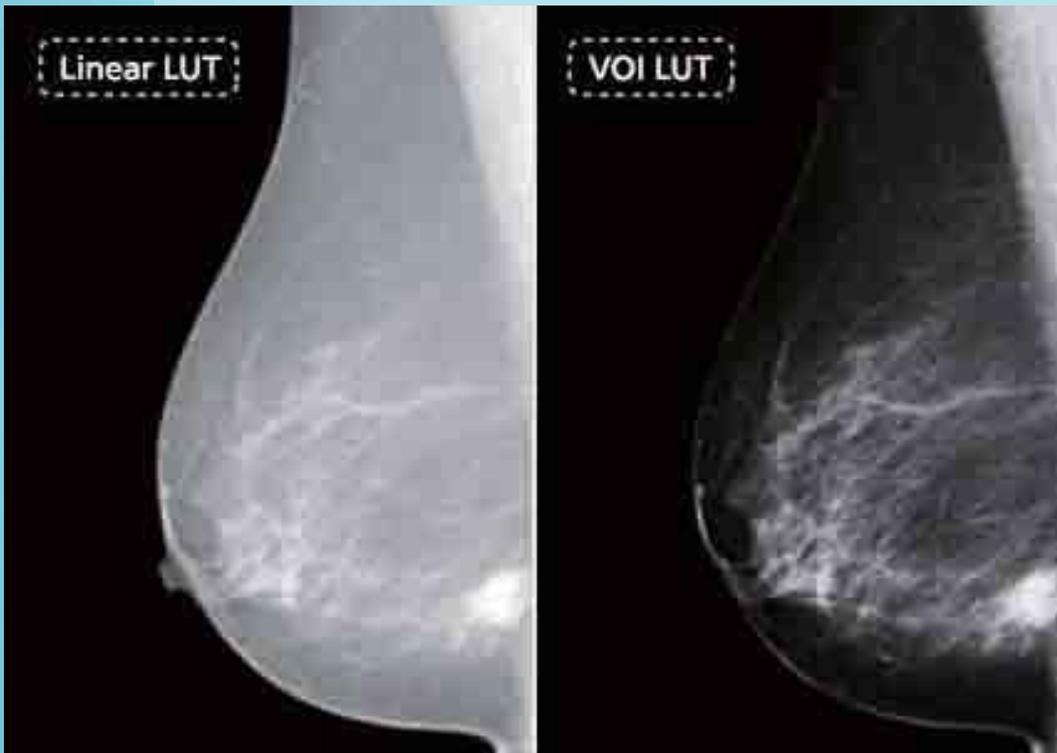
Current surgical robots are not very intelligent

Microrobots in the future?



Automatic image analysis in radiology and pathology

- Computer assisted diagnostics - the machine analyzes the image or the data behind the image
- Digital pathology - the microscope attached to a digital camera, the computer analyses each slice and the whole biopsy with advanced pattern recognition. The tool improves the more analyses it makes

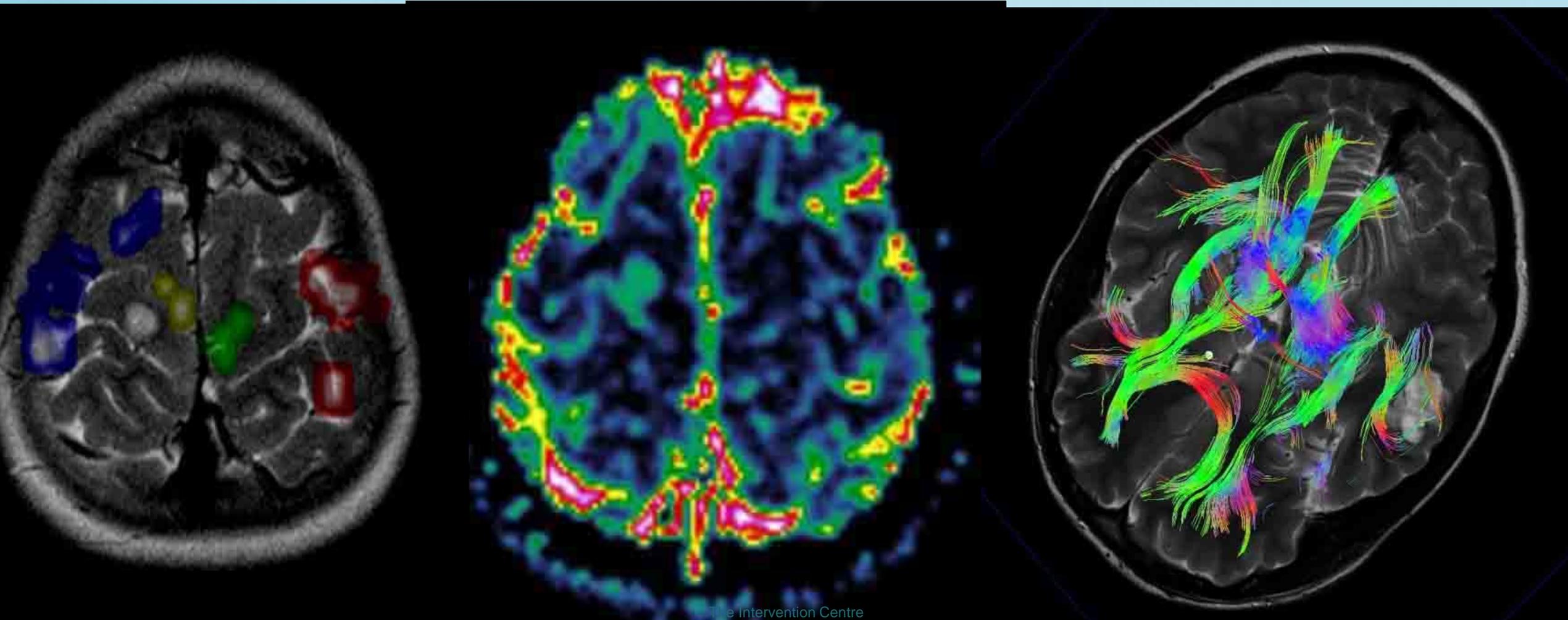


Examination methods in MR

fMRI: Detecting activity causing oxygen consumption

PWI: Detecting small vessels indicating tumour activity

DTI: Mapping nerve trajectories



Machine learning and big data management transform health care

- Patient communication and monitoring
- Primary care/hospital care
- Hospital organization
 - Radiologic departments/surgical suites
 - Laboratories
 - Automated decision making
 - Transportation and logistics

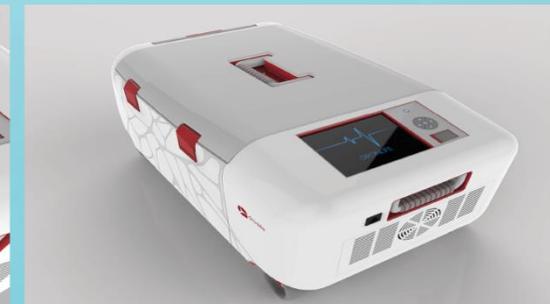
Transport of biologic material between hospitals by UAVs

- Avoid duplication of laboratory services
- Predictable transportation time
- Results within one hour
- Bloodbank
- Biobank



Control Centre can convert from autopilot to manual flight

Thermostat controlled cargo container



Division of laboratory medicine

- Department of Pharmacology
 - Blood samples
- Department of Immunology and transfusion medicine
 - Blood banking
 - Blood samples
- Department of Medical biochemistry
 - Blood samples
- Department of Medical Genetics
 - Blood samples
- Department of Microbiology
 - Blood and tissue for microbiological studies
- Department of Pathology
 - Biopsies
 - Tissue samples
- Department of forensic medicine
 - Biopsies
 - Tissue samples
 - Blood samples

Department for medical biochemistry- OUH

Rikshospitalet:

Sections:

- General RH (103 employees)
- Section for hemostasis and thrombosis (11 employees)
- Congenital metabolic diseases (21 employees)

Analyses 2016: 6 216 760

•Research:

Mitochondrial research group
Eksperimental cancer therapy
Structural biology
Metabolic molekylar biology



Ullevål hospital:

Sections:

- Gneral Ullevål (111 employees)

Analyses 2016: 4 052 981

•Reserch:

Tissue culture
Blood cell research

Across locations:

- Section for common functions (30 employees)
- Section for research (32 employees)
- Medical section (22 ansatte)

Aker hospital:

Sections:

- General Aker (37 employees)

Analyses 2016: 582 961

- Hormonlab (62 employees)

Analyses 2016: 393 112



Radium hospital:

Sections:

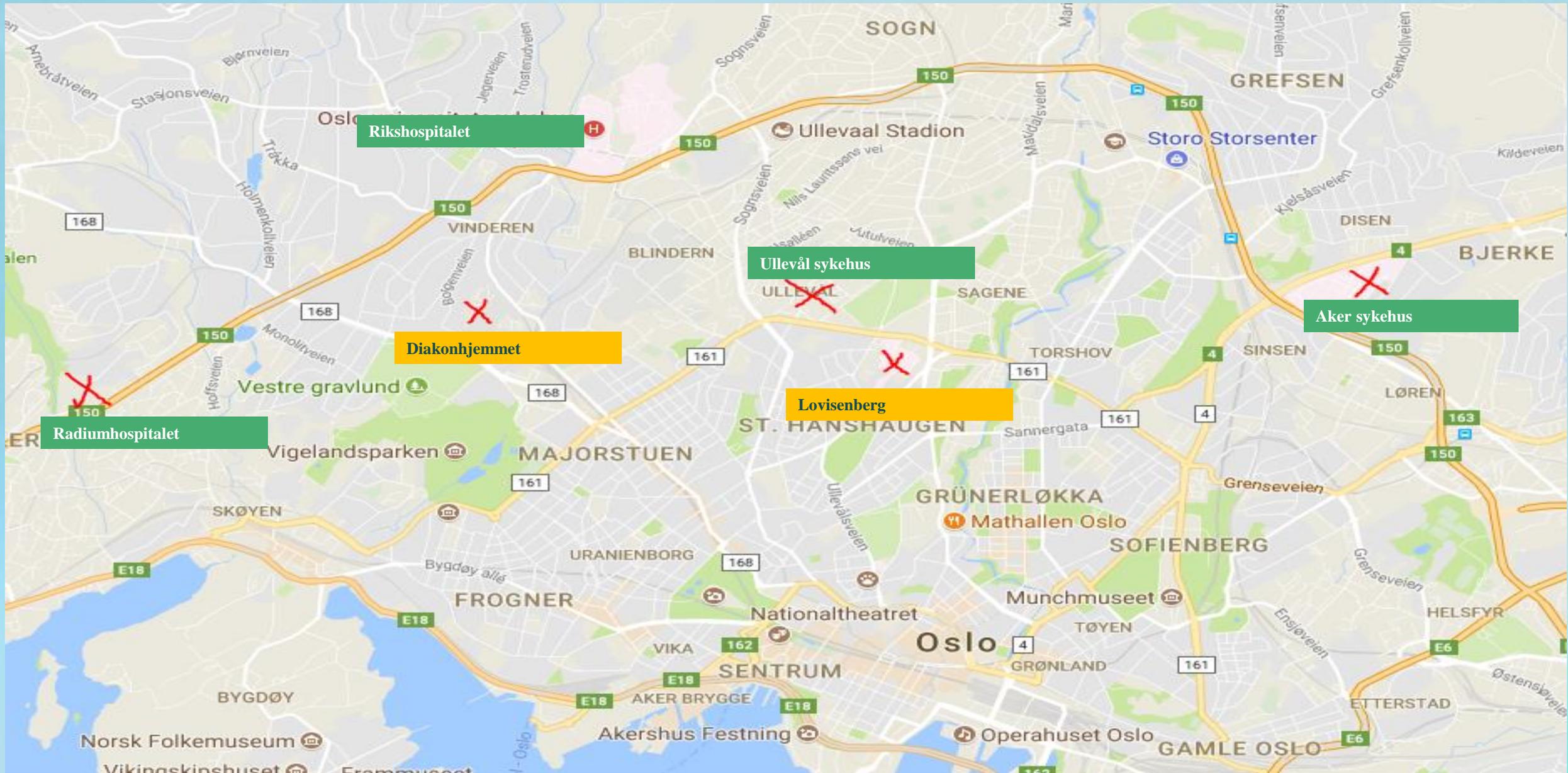
- General RAD (46 employees)

Analyses 2016: 1 002 081

•Research:

Cancer markers
Endocrinology and metabolism





Rikshospitalet

Ullevål sykehus

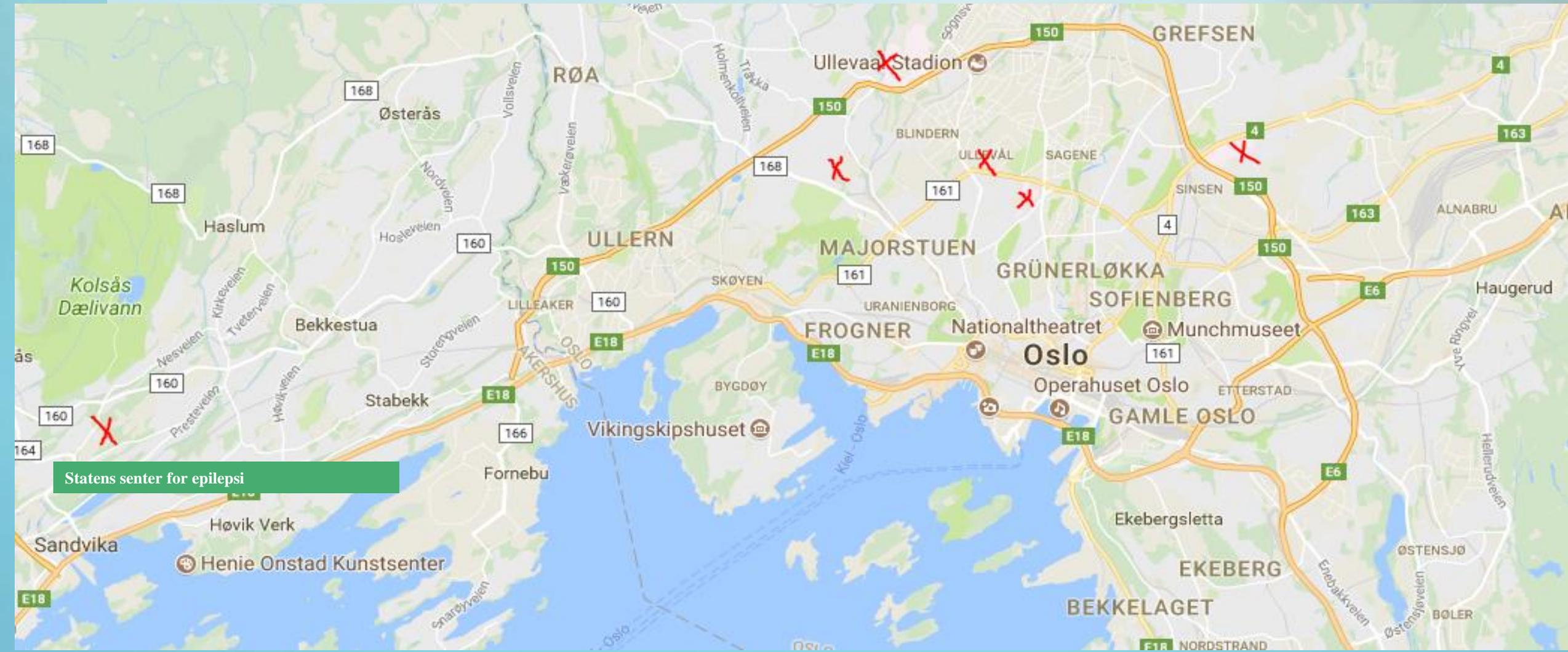
Aker sykehus

Diakonhjemmet

Lovisenberg

Radiumhospitalet

OUH has 22 localizations



Key figures 2017 Medical biochemistry at Rikshospitalet

- 9,25 mill + 2,9 mill PNA-analyses (RH+RAD) i 2016
 - 1 % reduction in in-hospital analysis in 2016 compared to 2015
 - 12,3 % increase in poliklinical analyses in 2016 compared to 2015
- 368 MNOK budget for 2017
- Ca 2 mnok/year in taxi for samples
- Ca. 405 employees fra mer enn 20 nasjoner
- 5 laboratories (4 open 24/7)
- 3 laboratory information systems

Schedule for blood sample transportation in OUH today

08.00 – start fra Ullevål

08:20-08:30 – Aker

08:50-09:05 – RH

09:20-09:35 – Ullevål

10:10-10:20 – RH

10:35-10:50 – Aker

11:00-11:25 – Ullevål

11:55-12:00 – Ullevål inf.pol

12:00-12:35 – RH

12:45-13:15 – Ullevål

13:25-13:35 – Aker

13:45-13:50 – Ullevål

14:00-14:25 – RH

14:35-14:55 – Ullevål

15:10 – Folkehelseinstituttet (Lovisenberg)

15:15-15:30 – levere siste prøver Ullevål

16:00 – Bil parkeres Ullevål

Labrute 1: Intern distribusjon av prøver OUS		Kjøres mandag-fredag		Mobil 480 16 370	
Ca tid	Labrute 1	Steder	Henting	Levering	
Fra Ullevål 08:00		Microbiologisk / Immunologisk 1 etg. Bygg 25 inngang nord hente/levere prøver			
		Hente prøver fra Internpost US til MBK på RH prøvemottaket 2.2 etg			
08:20-08:30	Aker	Hormonlaboratoriet, bygg 23 tomme kasser til RH			
		Medisinsk biokjemi, bygg 6, 3 Etasje, prøvefordelingen			
		Og prøver fra blodbanken Aker 3 etg			
08:50-09:05	RH	Felles prøvemottak, Avdeling for medisinsk biokjemi, inngang B2, 2. etasje			
		Mikrobiologisk 3 etg v/eksp B2			
		Prøvetakingsenheten Glassgaten, 1. Etasje			
09:20-09:35	Ullevål	Avdeling for medisinsk biokjemi, bygg 6, 5 etg.			
		Microbiologisk / Immunologisk 1 etg. Bygg 25 inngang nord hente/levere prøver			
		Leverer prøve på Blodbanken bygg 25 3 etg Ullevål fra Aker			
10:10-10:20	RH	Felles prøvemottak, Avdeling for medisinsk biokjemi, inngang B2, 2. etasje			
		Prøvetakingsenheten Glassgaten, 1. Etasje			
10:35-10:50	Aker	Hormonlaboratoriet, bygg 23			
		Medisinsk biokjemi, bygg 6, 3. Etasje, prøvefordelingen			
		Og prøver fra blodbanken Aker 3 etg			
11:00-11:25	Ullevål	Leverer/Hente kasse og prøver til RH 3 etg micro v/eksp. B2			
		Henter tom kasse fra med gen 6 etg bygg 25 syd til Forsningsveien 2			
		Leverer prøve på Blodbanken bygg 25 3 etg Ullevål fra Aker			
		Microbiologisk / Immunologisk 1 etg. Bygg 25 inngang nord hente/levere prøver			
		Prøver til Sintef leveres felles prøvemottak på RH			
		Prøver til Sintef blir hentet av Lab rute 2 kl 13.45 fra Patologen RH			
11.25-11.55	Lunsj				
11.55-12.00	Ullevål Inf.pol	Prøver			
		Leveres RH MBK inngang B2 2 etg.			
12.00-12.35	RH	Ta med kasse tilhørende ser/øst Helsebuss til Aker			
		Hormonlab			
	Med Gen	Felles prøvemottak, Avdeling for medisinsk biokjemi, inngang B2, 2. etasje			
		Mikrobiologisk 3 etg v/eksp B2			
		Hente post fra Internpost RH til Aker (Leveres int. post Ullevål)			
		Prøvetakingsenheten Glassgaten, 1. Etasje			
		Forskningsveien 2 prøve til med gen 6 etg bygg 25 ullevål			
		og post fra saksarkiv v/Forskningsveien			
		Ta med post fra intern post RH til Ullevål internpost.			
12.45-13.15	Ullevål	Leverer post på Internpost Ullevål			
		Hente prøver fra postrommet 1 etg bygg 25 nord og MBK 5etg bygg 6.			
		Microbiologisk/Immunologisk 1 etg. Bygg 25 inngang nord hente/levere prøver.			
13.25-13.35	Aker	Hormonlaboratoriet, bygg 23			
		Medisinsk biokjemi, bygg 6, 3 Etasje, prøvefordelingen			
		Leverer kasser fra UUS til Bakt lab Aker			
		Og prøver fra blodbanken Aker 3 etg			
13.45-13.50	Ullevål	Leverer prøve på Blodbanken bygg 25 3 etg Ullevål fra Aker			
14.00-14.25	RH	Felles prøvemottak, Avdeling for medisinsk biokjemi, inngang B2, 2. etasje			
		Prøvetakingsenheten Glassgaten, 1. Etasje			
		Mikrobiologisk 3 etg v/eksp B2			
14.35-14.55	Ullevål	Leverer prøver til Med. Biokjemi bygg 6, 5 etg			
		Leverer prøver til Folkehelseinstituttet.			
		Leverer prøver til MIK og evt andre avd.			
		Leverer prøver til Med Genetikk bygg 25 6 etg.			
15.10-	Folkehelseinstituttet	Lovisenbergveien 8			
15:15-15:30	Ullevål	Leverer prøver til Med. Biokjemi bygg 6, 5 etg			
16:00 bil parkeres på Ullevål	Ullevål				

Expectation of UAVs

- Precondition: running minimum 99 % 24/7
- Faster analysis results
- Improved patient logistics
 - Diagnostical data available earlier
 - Predictable time from sampling to analysis
 - Reduction in the number of hospital visits
- Environmentally friendly
- Allows the reduction of number of laboratories
- Reduced costs

Helse Vel project NR Partnere

- OUH
- FFI
- Meteorological institute
- Sintef
- Dronebud
- UAV producer



What do you need to know when introducing a new method?

- Is it harmful to the patients?
- Is it better than existing methods?
 - For everybody, or just a subgroup?
 - In which way is it better?
 - Better Clinical outcome (Survival, Morbidity)
 - Same clinical outcome, but less burden to the patient
 - Same clinical outcome, same burden, but cheaper
- Consequences for hospital organization
 - Favourable outcomes dependent on changes in organization
- Consequences for the society
 - More expensive for the hospital, but cheaper for the society
 - More expensive for the hospital and the society, but better for the patient

Study design for validating new methods

Clinical studies

- Mortality
- Morbidity
- Durability

Patient experience

- Quantitative studies
 - Quality of life
 - Pain
 - Functional scores
- Qualitative studies
 - Semistructured interviews

Economical studies

- Cost-utility studies
 - Cost/Qaly



The economical challenge – how can we estimate the value of individualised treatment?

Value based health care

Health outcomes that matter to patients

Value = Costs of delivering the outcomes

Creating a Value-Based Health Care Delivery System

The Strategic Agenda

1. Organize Care into Integrated Practice Units (IPUs) around Patient Medical Conditions

– For primary and preventive care, organize to serve distinct patient segments

2. Measure Outcomes and Costs for Every Patient

3. Move to Bundled Payments for Care Cycles

4. Integrate Care Delivery Systems

5. Expand Geographic Reach

6. Build an Enabling Information Technology Platform

The digital revolution – from horse to car





Initially they tried to make the car behave like a horse

The digital revolution – from horse to car

Changed infrastructure:

Roads, gaz stations,
Increased mobility, transportation

New legislation:

Road Traffic Act: Speed limits, b
alcohol limits etc.

New police force:

Traffic police